

# Certificate of Analysis

# Standard Reference Material® 1623c

Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil (0.3%)

This Standard Reference Material (SRM) is intended for use in the calibration of instruments and the evaluation of methods used in the determination of total sulfur in fuel oils or materials of similar matrix. The certified sulfur content is based on analyses using isotope dilution thermal ionization mass spectrometry (ID-TIMS) [1]. Homogeneity testing was performed using X-ray fluorescence (XRF) spectrometry and no significant bottle to bottle variability was observed. The certified value for the sulfur content, reported as a mass fraction expressed in percent, is given below. A unit consists of 100 mL of commercial "No. 4 (light)" residual fuel oil as defined by ASTM D 396-95 Standard Specification for Fuel Oils [2], in an amber bottle.

Certified Sulfur Content: 0.3806 % ± 0.0024 %

The uncertainty in the certified value is calculated as

 $U = ku_c$ 

where  $u_c$  is the combined standard uncertainty calculated according to the ISO and NIST Guides [3] and k is a coverage factor. The value of  $u_c$  is intended to represent, at the level of one standard deviation, the combined effect of uncertainty components associated with material inhomogeneity and ID-TIMS measurement uncertainty. In the absence of Type B uncertainties (which are negligible here in comparison with Type A), the expanded uncertainty (U) given is for a 95 % prediction interval. The coverage factor, k = 2.31, is Student's t-value for a 95 % prediction interval with eight degrees of freedom.

**Expiration of Certification:** The certification of this SRM is valid until **13 June 2012**, within the uncertainty specified, provided the SRM is handled and stored in accordance with the instructions given in the certificate (see "Instructions for Use"). However, the certification will be nullified if the SRM is damaged, contaminated, or modified.

**Stability:** This material is considered to be stable during the period of certification. NIST will monitor this material and will report any substantive changes in certification to the purchaser. Registration (see attached sheet) will facilitate notification.

The overall direction and coordination of the technical measurements leading to certification of this SRM were performed by W.R. Kelly, R.D. Vocke, and R.L. Watters, Jr. of the NIST Analytical Chemistry Division.

Analytical measurements were performed by W.R. Kelly, R.D. Vocke, A.F. Marlow, P.A. Pella, and J.R. Sieber of the NIST Analytical Chemistry Division.

Statistical calculations for this SRM were carried out by S.D. Leigh of the NIST Statistical Engineering Division.

The support aspects involved in the issuance of this SRM was coordinated through the NIST Measurement Services Division.

Stephen A. Wise, Chief Analytical Chemistry Division

Robert L. Watters, Jr., Chief Measurement Services Division

Gaithersburg, MD 20899 Certificate Issue Date: 01 March 2006 See Certificate Revision History on Last Page

SRM 1623c Page 1 of 3

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

**Handling:** The SRM bottle should only be opened for the minimum time required to dispense the material. To relate analytical determinations to the certified value on this Certificate of Analysis, a minimum sample mass of 140 mg should be used. After use, the bottle should be tightly capped and stored under normal laboratory conditions away from direct sunlight

## SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

The physical properties of SRM 1623c are listed in the table below. These properties were determined using ASTM methods by a commercial firm under contract to NIST. The results are **NOT** certified and are provided as additional information on the matrix.

Physical Property Test	ASTM Standard	Result
Density @ 15 °C @ 60 °F	D 1298-85 (1990) D 1250-80 (1990)	899.6 kg/m <sup>3</sup> 25.7 API
Flash Point, PMCC	D 93-94	52 °C
Pour Point	D 97-93	21 °C
Heat of Combustion, Gross	D 240-92 <sup>ε1</sup>	43.98 MJ • kg <sup>-1</sup> (18 907 Btu • lb <sup>-1</sup> )
Kinematic Viscosity @ 40 °C @ 50 °C @ 100 °C	$\begin{array}{l} D\ 445\text{-}94^{\epsilon l} \\ D\ 445\text{-}94^{\epsilon l} \\ D\ 445\text{-}94^{\epsilon l} \end{array}$	$5.015 \bullet 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{s} (5.015 \text{ cSt})$ $4.002 \bullet 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{s} (4.002 \text{ cSt})$ $1.801 \bullet 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{s} (1.801 \text{ cSt})$
Carbon	D 5291-92	87.8 %
Hydrogen	D 5291-92	11.7 %

#### **ASTM Standards Used**

D 1298-85 (1990) <sup>ε1</sup>	Standard Practice for Density, Relative Density (Specific Gravity) or API Gravity of Crude
	Petroleum and Liquid Petroleum Products by Hydrometer Method
D 1250-80 (1990) <sup>ε1</sup>	Standard Guide for Petroleum Measurement Tables
D 93-94	Standard Test Methods for Flash Point by Pensky-Martens Closed Tester
D 97-93	Standard Test Methods for Pour Point of Petroleum Products
D 240-92 <sup>ε1</sup>	Standard Test Method for Heat of Combustion of Liquid Hydrocarbon Fuels by Bomb Calorimeter
D 445-94 <sup>ε1</sup>	Standard Test Method for Kinematic Viscosity of Transparent and Opaque Liquids (and the Calculation of Dynamic Viscosity)
D 5291-92	Standard Test Methods for Instrumental Determination of Carbon, Hydrogen, and Nitrogen in Petroleum Products and Lubricants

SRM 1623c Page 2 of 3

#### REFERENCES

- [1] Kelly, W.R.; Paulsen, P.J.; Murphy, K.E.; Vocke, R.D., Jr.; Chen, L.-T.; *Determination of Sulfur in Fossil Fuels by Isotope Dilution-Thermal Ionization Mass Spectrometry*, Anal. Chem., Vol. 66, pp. 2505-2513 (1994).
- [2] D 396-95, Standard Specification for Fuel Oils, ASTM Annual Book of Standards, Vol. 05.01, West Conshohocken, PA.
- [3] ISO; Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement; ISBN 92-67-10188-9, lst ed. International Organization for Standardization: Geneva, Switzerland (1993); see also Taylor, B.N.; Kuyatt, C.E.; Guidelines for Evaluating and Expressing the Uncertainty of NIST Measurement Results; NIST Technical Note 1297, U.S. Government Printing Office: Washington, DC (1994); available at <a href="http://physics.nist.gov/Pubs/">http://physics.nist.gov/Pubs/</a>.

**Certificate Revision History:** 01 March 2006 (Editorial change); 05 May 2004 (This revision reflects an extension of the certification date); 13 June 2000 (This revision reflects a change in the certification expiration date); 30 July 1996 (Original certificate date).

Users of this SRM should ensure that the certificate in their possession is current. This can be accomplished by contacting the SRM Program at: telephone (301) 975-6776; fax (301) 926-4751; e-mail srminfo@nist.gov; or via the Internet at <a href="http://www.nist.gov/srm">http://www.nist.gov/srm</a>.

SRM 1623c Page 3 of 3